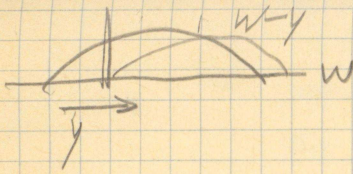


Doubled-up Langlee



(sym. function,  
therefore left tail is  
high profit rate!)

We can increase the range of the function of  
which ~~we want~~ <sup>we want</sup> to transform ~~W~~, if we  
define the wealth dist. for  
negative values of  $W$  [in a corresponding range]  
[then we could do - using the Pareto Law  
for that portion too - if we choose  
a larger limit of wealth ~~at~~ ]  
than before.

But ~~if~~ in this way - since the units in which  $y$   
are measured have to be changed ~~the same way~~  
to the same extent - we reduce the  
range ~~of~~ of  $y$ , because this is  
defined only for positive values,

$$\frac{e^{-y/a}}{y < 0, f(y) = 0}$$

Thus, we must expect  
on account of ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~two~~ reasons,  
that the Pareto Law will  
dominate ~~the~~ a smaller range  
of the income than of the wealth distribution  
(Range measured in money units, the income will turn straight  
cut)

What is  
a strong  
theory of  
income  
any form  
of  
income