

Theorem: there are only two types of random walks;

① Oscillating with prob. 1 between $-\infty$ and ∞

$$E(S_1) = 0, E(S_1^2) = \sigma^2$$

Both ascending and descending passages are possible

② drift to $-\infty$ (neg)

ascending passages terminate, descending passages

$$S_n \rightarrow -\infty, \text{ max. } \geq 0 \text{ finite.}$$

$$P\{M \leq x\} = [1 - H(x)] \psi(x)$$

p. 380

Expectations of \mathcal{H}_1

$\Rightarrow \mathcal{H}_1$ proper, and $E(\mathcal{H}_1) < \infty$, then X_1 has $E(X_1) \geq 0$

$$X_n = X_n^+ - X_n^-$$

$$P\{\mathcal{H}_1 > x\} \geq P\{X_1 > x\}$$

$$E(X_1^+) \leq E(\mathcal{H}_1) < \infty$$

since \mathcal{H}_1 finite, with prob. 1, infinitely many S_n will be positive

$$n^{-1}(X_n^+ - X_n^-) < n^{-1}(X_1^+ - X_n^-)$$

$$\downarrow \\ E(X_1^-) < E(X_1^+)$$

bounded by the strong law of large numbers

WALD'S IDENT.